

## NOTABLE WEDDING.

Most Brilliant Affair in the County's History.

### THE PRESIDENT A GUEST.

**Mr. Arvine Wales and Edna Elizabeth McClymonds—Four Hundred Guests—Magnificent Decorations, Gowns and Jewels.**

The most notable wedding in the history of Stark county was that of Miss Edna Elizabeth McClymonds, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter McClymonds, to Mr. Arvine Wales, which took place at "Five Oaks," the McClymonds residence, in Prospect street, in the presence of more than four hundred guests, on Thursday evening. The ceremony, which was to have occurred at 6 o'clock, was delayed for nearly an hour in order that it might be witnessed by President McKinley and Secretary Root, who, with other members of the President's party, arrived from Mansfield by a special train. Mrs. McKinley and Mrs. Root drove over from Canton earlier in the evening. The ceremony took place in the library, the second room to the right of the magnificent entrance hall, before an altar erected in front of the fireplace, which was buried behind a mass of green foliage and white chrysanthemums. Countless lighted candles sparkled upon the altar. The officiating clergyman stood behind a railing which was twined with smilax. On the floor at each side stood an immense tree of American beauty roses.

Shortly before 7 o'clock, the ushers formed an aisle from the staircase through the hall to the library with white satin ribbons. The scene as the bridal party descended the steps was one never to be forgotten. The stair rail was twined with foliage; enormous palms and masses of American beauty roses were arranged upon the landings; below, in the hall and grouped about the doors of the library, drawing and reception rooms, were the several hundred guests. There were beautiful gowns and gleaming jewels. From above were heard the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march softly played by an orchestra stationed in the second hall.

The immediate members of the families of the bride and groom, Mrs. McClymonds, Mrs. Wales, and Mrs. Robert P. Skinner, were escorted by the ushers to positions at one side of the altar, where stood also the President, Mrs. McKinley, Secretary and Mrs. Root. The bride entered with her father, meeting the groom in the library. The maid of honor was Miss Ruth McClymonds, the bride's younger sister; the best man, Horatio W. Wales, brother of the groom. The bridesmaids were Miss Edith Brooks, of Chicago; Miss Olive Pardee, of Philadelphia, and Miss Florence Dangler, of Massillon. The ushers were W. W. Hoffelinger, of Minneapolis; Benedict Crowell, of Cleveland, and Jonathan Prescott Burton, of Massillon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Cassius M. Roberts, rector of St. Timothy's Episcopal church.

For nearly an hour after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Wales remained in the library to receive the congratulations of their friends. The President and Mrs. McKinley and Secretary and Mrs. Root, after greeting the newly married pair, retired to the drawing room across the hall where they held an informal reception. Later the President's party, including Secretary and Mrs. Root, Secretary Cortelyou, Mrs. Barber, ex-Secretary of State William R. Day, Judge George E. Baldwin and a number of other guests, were escorted to the dining room, where a buffet supper was served. The decorations of this room were yellow and consisted of immense branches of chrysanthemums. Here the remainder of the guests were served during the evening.

**THE MENU.**  
Oysters in Pastry Cases.  
Souffle of Sweetbread—Truffe Sauce garnished with Asparagus.  
Chicken Salad—Cheese Cornucopias.  
Rolls. Sandwiches. Coffee.  
Olives. Salted Nuts. Candles.  
Fruit Frappe.  
Individual Rose Cakes, served in Pink Baskets tied with Pink Ribbon.  
Fancy Cake. Fruit Cake. Bride Cake.  
The bridesmaids and ushers received wedding cake in dainty white satin hand painted boxes tied with white satin ribbon.

The decorations were by Smith & Fetters, florists, of Cleveland. The caterer, DeKlyn.

Supper for the bridal party was served in the billiard room, which opens from the first landing off the staircase. The room was lighted from above by shaded electric lights and by pink shaded candles on the round table, the color scheme being pink and white. The chandelier over the table was nearly hidden by pink roses and southern smilax, which was also draped about the white covered walls. The table centerpiece was composed of a mat of smilax upon which rested a huge leghorn hat filled with pink roses. At the covers of the bridesmaids and maid of honor were small leghorn hats filled with pink roses. The loes were in the form of pink roses served in leghorn hats of spun sugar. As the bride ascended the staircase she threw her bouquet of lilies and orchids to the waiting bridesmaids

below. It was caught by Miss Ruth McClymonds, the maid of honor. Mr. and Mrs. Wales left shortly after nine o'clock in order to take the 9:40 train on the Pennsylvania railroad. They departed amidst showers of rice.

The ball room on the third floor was arranged for dancing and an orchestra furnished music until midnight. The room was decorated with southern smilax and numerous cozy corners were arranged with lamps and cushions. The bride's gift to her maid of honor was a crescent of diamonds alternating with pearls. To her bridesmaids she gave pins in the form of wreaths of oak leaves and acorns containing five small diamonds, a souvenir of "Five Oaks." The groom presented his best man and ushers with pearl scarf pins. The gifts displayed upstairs were magnificent, coming from an unusually large family connection and many friends. The President and Mrs. McKinley gave a berry set consisting of a bow and three spoons. Among the gifts were a massive silver service; a silver dinner service; a silver coffee service; a gilt and porcelain table, the top consisting of a porcelain centerpiece surrounded with porcelain medallions, each beautifully decorated with flagree silver; a grand piano and pianola; a diamond crescent; an immense polar bear skin; a tall clock in a mahogany case with Westminster chime. It would be impossible to mention the several hundred other gifts representing hundreds of Massillon friends and other friends and relatives of the bride and groom in all parts of the country.

**THE GOWNS.**  
The bride, who is a charming blonde, wore a gown of heavy white satin with a bertha of the finest Venetian point lace. Her tulle veil was caught with orange blossoms and her bouquet was lilies of the valley and white orchids. She wore a pearl necklace and a diamond crescent. Miss Ruth McClymonds, the maid of honor, wore a white silk muslin gown trimmed with ruffles of white point desprit. The bridesmaids' gowns were of white mousseline de soie over pink taffeta slips. They carried pink roses. Mrs. J. W. McClymonds, the bride's mother, wore a magnificent gown of orchid mirror satin; a gown with Venetian point lace and a girdle of gold embroidery. Mrs. A. C. Wales, mother of the groom, wore gray silk covered with a garniture of white and black thread lace. Mrs. McKinley's gown was of white brocade satin with pearl trimming; that of Mrs. Root, lavender satin brocade. Mrs. Robert P. Skinner, the groom's sister, wore a Paquin gown of white satin covered with silver paillettes. Mrs. Louis McClymonds, of New York, wore ecru silk with an overdress of cream lace.

Some of the other gowns worn were as follows: Mrs. Charles Steese, white brocade silk trimmed with real lace; Mrs. Charles M. Russell, white satin embroidered with pearls; Mrs. Anasa Clark, of Brookline, Mass., a Worth gown of brocade silver satin with a front of real point lace; Mrs. Frank L. Baldwin, Arabian lace with white satin; Mrs. Carrie J. Brown, a gown of heavy champagne mirror satin, trimmed with Bulgarian lace; Mrs. W. H. Heaton, of New York, white brocade satin; Mrs. Woodford, of Cleveland, blue brocade satin trimmed with real lace; Miss Ricks, of Cleveland, black net trimmed with paillettes of gold; Mrs. William R. Day, of Canton, yellow satin trimmed with duchesse lace; Mrs. George Barnes, of Akron, yellow brocade silk; Mrs. Robert H. Day, pink tissue with garniture of black and white embroidery and black tulle; Miss Laura Russell, white point desprit trimmed with satin ribbons and silver spangles; Mrs. David B. Day, of Canton, yellow satin brocade; Mrs. Welty, of Canton, black velvet and real lace; Mrs. William Gibson, of Pittsburg, white satin and white lace; Mrs. Norman White, of Brookline, Mass., white net trimmed with embroidered chiffon; Mrs. James N. Neale, of Pittsburg, white satin with black and white spangletrimming; Mrs. Barber, of Canton, black silk and white lace; Mrs. Walter J. Mullins, of Wooster, black satin spangled satin; Mrs. A. Per Lee Pease, white lace over pink chiffon; Miss McCue, blue satin and Russian lace.

**THE GUESTS.**  
People were present from all parts of the country. Special trains brought guests from Cleveland and Canton, and many others came from New York, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburg and San Francisco. Nearly one hundred came from Canton alone. They included ex-Secretary of State and Mrs. William R. Day, Judge George E. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. David B. Day, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Bulley, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Weible, Miss Florence Allen, the Hon. and Mrs. William A. Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Frease, Mr. and Mrs. Sollman, Miss Lynch, Miss Evelyn Phillips, Miss Grace Hartzell, Miss Ida Tonner, Mrs. Julius Whiting, Miss Hallie Whiting, Messrs. Gordon Mather and Ralph S. Ambler. A number of guests from Cleveland came down on a special train over the C. & W. railroad with General Manager W. R. Woodford and Mrs. Woodford, returning late Thursday evening. Others remained over night. The Cleveland guests included: Mr. and Mrs. Woodford, Mr. and Mrs. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. James Warwick, Judge and Mrs. A. J. Ricks, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ricks, Miss Ricks, Mr. Crowell, Miss Scofield, Mrs. H. B. Hurlburt, Miss Kate Miller, Mrs. S. M. Knapp, Mrs. James N. Merwin, Miss Debbie Hill, Miss Mary Mc-

Clymonds, Miss Bertha McClymonds and Louis Kittridge.

Others present included: Mr. and Mrs. Louis McClymonds and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Heaton, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Amasa Clark and Mrs. Norman White, of Brookline, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. James N. Neale, Mrs. McCally, the Misses McCally, Mrs. William Gibson, Miss Katherine Huntington and John G. Warwick, of Pittsburg; Miss White, of Newcastle, Pa.; Mrs. Baird, of Erie, Pa.; Miss Carrie Pow, of Salem; Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Mullins, of Wooster; Mr. and Mrs. George Barnes and Mr. and Mrs. Manton, of Akron; Miss Olive Pardee, of Philadelphia; Miss Edith Brooks, of Chicago; the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. G. B. Smith and Thomas Russell, of Alliance; Mrs. William Dunn and the Hon. William Duple, of Beaver, Pa.; Miss Lettie Brennehan and Miss Mary Rattle, of Cuyahoga Falls, and Miss Anna Dunlap, of Bridgewater, Pa.

**AT THE LUCAS INN.**  
Mr. EATON, Oct. 26.—Mr. and Mrs. Arvine Wales arrived here from Massillon late on Thursday evening and spent the night at the Lucas Inn. They had expected to leave Massillon on the Pennsylvania railroad at 9:40, but upon arriving at the station found that their train would be late and that it would therefore be impossible for them to make connections with the train on which they were to go south from Orrville. They were accordingly driven over to Mt. Eaton, and this morning to Orrville, from which point they will continue their journey.

**SIGNED THE REGISTER.**  
The Rev. Cassius M. Roberts called on President McKinley this morning, taking with him the register of St. Timothy's parish, which was signed by the President, Secretary Root and Secretary Cortelyou as witnesses of the marriage on Thursday evening.

### COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

**Governor Wood, of Cuba, Calls on President McKinley.**  
CANTON, Oct. 26.—When the board of equalization shall have completed its labors no one will be happier than Auditor Reed. Ever since the appraisalment was made, persons from all over the country have been complaining to the auditor instead of to the board of equalization. The auditor showed great patience in dealing with these aggrieved ones, but he will be certainly happy when he can be said to have completed his labors.

The condition of the county's finances is just now a subject of considerable concern to the commissioners. The county fund is overdrawn to an amount exceeding \$80,000, and every day's business adds to the overdraft. This amount will keep on increasing until the December taxes begin coming in, and even then the receipts will not be sufficient to make good the shortage.

This condition of the county fund is a matter of several years' growth. The county fund was overdrawn when Auditor Reed took the office four years ago. Prior to that time bonds to the amount of \$95,000 had been issued, to straighten out the overdrafts in the different funds, and the payment on these and other bonds have taxed the county beyond its capacity. Then the present year came on, with its unusual expenses and the conditions became worse than ever. The legislature, with its usual lack of foresight, passed the laws governing the taking of the decennial appraisalment, providing that the expenses should be paid by the several counties, but made no provisions in the law by which this extra amount of money could be raised. The result was that counties that were levying for the county fund up to the full amount allowed by law, were unable to meet this increased demand upon the fund except by drawing on some other fund.

In Stark county the expenses incurred in making the appraisalment were fully \$15,000. The boards of equalization in Canton, Alliance and Massillon cost \$5,600. The appraisers received over \$7,000. The new maps for the use of the appraisers cost \$1,000, and this last item was just about one-third of what it cost in other counties. Stark county was fortunate enough to have a number of up-to-date maps that saved fully two-thirds of the expenses of platting. In addition to these expenses there were books, blanks, postage and many incidental expenses that swelled the total. This all had to be paid, and the other expenses of the county kept up without any additional levy, so there naturally was a heavy drain on the county fund and it is not very surprising that it is overdrawn \$80,000 or more.

An inventory and appraisalment has been filed in the estate of Benjamin Rinehart, of Bethlehem township.

A third partial account has been filed in the estate of Quincy W. Reeves, of Massillon.

In the estate of John Hall, of Massillon, the ninth account of the trustee has been filed.

The trustee has filed the tenth account in the estate of Edward B. Bachtel, of Massillon.

Marriage licenses have been granted Archibald Kennedy and Rose A. of Massillon, and C. Theresland and Mary R. Gongarver, of Wilnot.

Don't be deceived or humbugged by people who claim the discovery of some hitherto unknown herb or root in swamps, or on some mountain or prairie, for the cure of kidney or bladder troubles. Any doctor or druggist will tell you such claims are fraudulent. Foley's Kidney Cure simply contains remedies that are recognized by the most skillful physicians as the best for these complaints, so don't be credulous or foolish. Rider & Snyder.

## SLIGHT TO SILVER.

Ignored by Krichbaum, Dodged by Howells.

### BOLD ATLEE POMERENE.

**His Brief Talk the Only Discussion of the Currency Question—Appealing Announcement of Mr. Howells That Hanna Ate Beef and Drank Champagne—Chairman Young on Intellectual Feasts.**

There was no fierce struggle for seats Thursday evening at Bucher's opera house, where the local Democracy enjoyed what Acting Chairman Young was pleased to term an intellectual feast. The speakers were the Hon. Anthony Howells, of this city, and ex-Prosecuting Attorney Pomerene and Candidate Charles Krichbaum, of Canton. The Harmonia band furnished music.

When Mr. Young rose to call the meeting to order and to introduce Mr. Krichbaum, he incidentally announced that Frank Willenborg, the chosen chairman of the evening, had been prevented from attending by illness in his family. Mr. Krichbaum talked a great deal about THE INDEPENDENT. He reviewed the address he delivered in Massillon on Memorial day, he quoted Abraham Lincoln, he referred to the Declaration of Independence and the flag, he talked of the nation's brilliant history, and in conclusion he said that he would prefer to answer privately the questions put to him by THE INDEPENDENT on Wednesday. Mr. Krichbaum denied that the Democratic party ever attacked the supreme court or the judiciary. He never once touched upon the currency question.

**EFFORT OF MR. HOWELLS.**  
Mr. Howells, who spoke for somewhat more than an hour, also devoted much time to THE INDEPENDENT. He read over the problems on which THE INDEPENDENT asked, enlightenment, but he did not offer any explanations. He positively would not discuss the currency. "The money question," said he, "is not paramount or immediate, and therefore I have nothing to say about it."

Mr. Howells referred glowingly to his career as the United States consul at Cardiff, Wales. He punctuated the first section of his speech with a stentorian "Hurrah for Bryan and Reform!" The audience laughed. The re-election of McKinley, he said, meant the beginning of the end of the republic. Then came the tirade against Senator Hanna. Senator Dewey and some other great men were likewise honored. The speaker declared that he knew to a certainty that Senators Hanna and Dewey had eaten roast beef and drunk champagne in Youngstown, and followed up this appalling statement with the equally sensational announcement that he remembered the panic of 1837. He admitted that he was somewhat older than most of those about him. His biographer says he was born in 1832, and that he immigrated to this country from Wales in 1850.

Mr. Howells then took up family affairs. He spoke of the days when Senator Hanna was associated in business with his father-in-law, the late Daniel Rhodes, operator of the erstwhile Willow mine, and averred that Mark Hanna then had no more interest in the business of Mr. Rhodes than his son-in-law had in his (Mr. Howells's). This was a bit of news that set the audience wild with excitement. Mr. Howells admitted that the conditions and changes affected his hearers more than he, for fortune had permitted him to rise from the field of toil to the white shirt and affluent stage. He thanked God that it was so. The taxing of tobacco he characterized as a gentlemanly way of stealing. He did not mention the beer and whisky tax. If he could have his way, he said, he would put these taxes on luxuries, not necessities, and on incomes, frankly stating that he would be one of those who would be obliged to pay the latter.

**MR. POMERENE TO THE FORE.**  
Mr. Pomerene had been studying the question propounded to him by THE INDEPENDENT on Wednesday, as he waited for his turn, and he alone of the three orators had the courage to say something in reply to the inquiry as to their views on the money issue. "I believe in Bryan," said Mr. Pomerene, "and all that he stands for. I am in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 because I am in favor of more money." He did not, however, explain how this change in the currency would lighten the load of the wage-earner, but instead fired back at THE INDEPENDENT some eight or ten questions having to do with personal records, among which was this: "Isn't it a fact that McKinley once wrote a letter to a friend stating that he was in favor of free silver?" Mr. Pomerene spoke but a few minutes. It was 10:25 o'clock when the meeting ended.

**Jell-O, The New Dessert,**  
pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10 cts. Try it today.

**Sick Headache and Neuralgia**  
are speedily cured by Slusser's Sick and Nervous Headache Tablets. 10 and 25c. at druggists. Sold by all druggists.

## A Monster Meeting.

The Greatest Political Gathering Since the Blaine Rally.

## THOUSANDS IN THE PARADE.

The Armory Filled to its Utmost Capacity and Hundreds Turned Away—Telling Speeches by Congressman Tayler and Ex-Senator Pfeffer—Delegations from Alliance, Canton and Neighboring Towns.

The cheers of a mighty multitude, the music of many bands, the regular step of marching hosts, the blare of trumpets and the flare of rockets and red fire—these were some of the early evening features of the Republican demonstration of Friday night, which in all the city's history is surpassed in no particular by any similar affair, and is equalled alone by that which attended the visit of James G. Blaine several years ago. At the Armory the jubilee, after the parade had disbanded, was continued, without abatement in the rousing enthusiasm of the thousands. The Armory was decorated with flags and other emblems of patriotism and Republicanism. The speakers of the evening were Congressman Tayler, ex-Senator Pfeffer, of Topeka, Kan., and the Rev. William Wilkinson, of Minneapolis, Minn. A number of prominent citizens sat with the orators of the evening as vice presidents of the meeting.

The sidewalks could not accommodate the immense throng. From the Pennsylvania station to THE INDEPENDENT building Erie street was a solid mass of humanity, and Main street from the Pennsylvania railway to Hill street was crowded till traffic was out of the question. Along the line of march of the long and magnificent parade, red fire rendered the way of the column a glittering and bewildering path. Cheer after cheer greeted the appearance of each division of the monster procession as it passed along Erie and Main streets. The parade was partially formed in front of Bucher's opera house, in South Erie street, though the gorgeous pageant that evoked the admiration and enthusiasm of the thousands was not made up till the Canton and Alliance delegations arrived in their special trains over the Pennsylvania railway at 7 o'clock. The Cantonians came in fourteen coaches and numbered over 1,000. The Alliance delegation was composed of about 700 men.

### PARADE OF MAGNIFICENCE.

**Twenty Minutes Required for the Pageant to Pass a Given Point.**

The parade was slightly more than a mile long. Twenty minutes were required for it to pass a given point. Chief Marshal Jacob Wise and his aides rode at the head of the column, the marshal astride a fiery bay charger. A large body of young men representing rough riders, under the leadership of Abington C. Stansbury, who sat his horse like a trooper and directed their movement with a skill that brought forth round after round of applause all along the line, formed one of the most attractive features of the parade. The horsemen numbered about seventy, a large percentage of whom came from West Brookfield, and from the vicinity of the works of the Massillon Stone and Fire Brick Company, under Captain H. Friend. After the horsemen came the Harmonia band, leading the several hundred of employees of Russell & Co., and the members of the Republican club. Each of the men carried an American flag, resulting altogether in a profusion of stars and stripes that caused every patriotic heart to beat faster at the sight and arousing in the owner an enthusiasm not felt in many a day. Superintendent Heggem, of the company, was in the parade. A colored drum corps and a delegation of colored citizens, most of them employees of the Massillon Iron and Steel Company, came next, and after them walked a body of "first voters."

Thayer's band marched at the head of the Duerber-Hampden employees, who numbered several hundred, and who came in on the special train from Canton. Each of these participants carried a red, white and blue umbrella, from each of which hung a gilt representation of the President. The Canton Republican League, hundreds strong, with umbrellas bearing the patriotic colors, followed. The Alliance delegation with a band at its head, consisted mainly of employees of the Morgan Engineering Company, was composed of at least five hundred men. A Massillon drum corps and the Massillon glassworkers followed. The carriages bearing the officers of the evening, together with the speakers, brought up the rear. Many banners and pictures of McKinley were in evidence. The line of march was from the Pennsylvania station to Front street, thence countermarching to the Pennsylvania railway on Main street, thence countermarching to the Armory.

### THE SPEECH OF TAYLER.

**Expansion, the Money Question and the Trusts Discussed.**  
The crowd arrived at the Armory before the speakers. Anticipating the rush for seats hundreds had early withdrawn from the stirring down town scenes and for an hour sat waiting for the meeting to open. The crowd that applied for admission was far greater than the house's capacity, and the one regret of the executive committee was that this could not have been foreseen and arrangements made for an overflow meeting. State Representative Clark W. Metzger was the chairman of the meeting, and when he rose to greet the immense audience, after his introduction by Mayor Wise, president of the Republican Club, he was accorded a hearty round of applause. Vociferously did the audience also manifest its appreciation of the Canton Glee Club's selections, which were parodies on "Marching Through Georgia" and the Indiana national air.

Congressman Tayler, who was the first speaker, was greeted most enthusiastically. Mr. Tayler discussed expansion, the money question and the trusts. He asked if there was any better reason for voting the Democratic ticket this fall than in 1892 and 1896. He reviewed the conditions which followed the election of Cleveland and a Democratic congress in 1892, when the tariff was an issue. The disasters and suffering resulting from the tariff tamperings of those years were the most persuasive and convincing proofs that the position of the Democratic party on the question was false and unsound. If the tariff were the only issue of this campaign, said the speaker, Bryan would not receive a single electoral vote above the Mason and Dixon line, and none below it in any of the states where freemen are permitted to exercise the prerogatives of such. If the silver question were the only issue of the present campaign, he continued, outside of a few of the mountain states and those where the rights of the citizens exist in name only, Bryan likewise would be without support. On both of these questions Democracy has proved and admitted its false position. And now, in this campaign of 1900, he asked, is there any greater likelihood of the party of mistakes being right than in the preceding campaigns?

Four years ago, said he, the world knew little of America and her citizens, and cared less, but today the world knows McKinley as the most foremost man on earth, and this nation the greatest of all. There are but two peoples in the world, he remarked—the Americans forming one and all the foreign nations the other. Four years ago it mattered not what Uncle Sam thought about international affairs, but now no nation takes a step outside of its own domain without first inquiring what the American people think about it. "If that is what the Democratic party means by imperialism," said he, "then God be thanked we are an imperialistic nation. Our flag has been planted where destiny and Almighty God has sent it, and everywhere that the flag floats it stands for liberty and humanity."

Expansion Mr. Tayler held to be rather a social, moral or industrial question than one of a commercial nature. Within the past two years the United States has ascended to a position pre-eminently above all the other countries of the world. Here, and here alone, are to be obtained all of the manufactured articles known to man, with a power of production that has grown ten-fold in a few years and which is increasing faster and faster. With the increase in production there must be an increase in markets, and expansion comes of necessity. Bryan, he said, in his demands for what he terms the rights of the Filipinos, makes no reference to the American negroes who are disfranchised in some of the southern states, not because they are uncivilized and incompetent to vote, but simply because their faces are black. In many cases, he stated, the negro denied the right to vote is superior in education and refinement to the election judge who declares him unfit to exercise this right. And yet Bryan quotes the Declaration of Independence and the constitution and declares the Filipino is being wronged, while these states of the union, all of them solidly Democratic and supporters of his, continue these shameful abuses.

While discussing the marvelous in-

(Continued on page 3.)



## THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,  
2 V. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863  
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.  
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.  
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.THE EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON  
SALE AT BARNES'S BOOK STORE, BARN-  
MER'S CIGAR STAND (HOTEL CORNER),  
AND BERT HANKIN'S NEWS STAND IN  
NORTH MILL STREET.

MONDAY OCTOBER 29, 1900.

In answer to an inquiry by the Gazette as to the probable effect of Bryan's election on the business of the A. I. Root Company, the largest manufacturing concern in Medina, and the largest of its kind in the whole country, the manager said: "We are making every contract for material, today, subject to cancellation if Bryan should be elected. That is our answer as to whether our business wants any Bryanism. Last week we gave an order for 300,000 feet of bass wood, of which 100,000 feet is to be delivered at once, but with a clause in the contract that the other 200,000 feet is not to be delivered if Bryan should be elected president."

Ex-United States Senator William A. Pfeiffer, who addressed the voters of Massillon at the Armory on Friday evening, is one of the most picturesque figures in the recent history of national politics. Mr. Pfeiffer's election to the Senate marked the advent of the Populist party as a potent force in the politics of the country. Today he is stumping Ohio for the re-election of President McKinley because, as he says, "I take no stock in this cry of imperialism. I knew McKinley as an old army comrade. I was a Republican before I was a Populist and with the Democratic leaders in the saddle, charging the President with a desire to build up an empire, I am against them."

While the Republican managers are confident that the outlook indicates a sweeping majority in the electoral college for President McKinley, they are not unmindful of the fact that the interests of the nation may be seriously affected by the loss of the house of representatives. It is suggested that the situation with regard to the election of Republican congressmen should be impressed upon voters with particular emphasis. McKinley may be elected by a comfortable majority and still the house be controlled by Democrats. It is important that such a contingency be guarded against. A continuation of the policies of the Republican party requires that there should be no division of responsibility in the legislative departments of the government. It is imperative that there should not be a Democratic house with its frequent schemes for upsetting public confidence and threatening the prosperity of the country.

THE INDEPENDENT congratulates Mr. Alce Pomeroy upon his frankness. Mr. Pomeroy has replied to THE INDEPENDENT's questions by stating before a Democratic meeting last night: "I am in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 because I am in favor of more money." Mr. Howells said that the money question was not paramount or immediate, "and therefore I have nothing to say about it." Mr. Krichbaum said that he would prefer to answer privately the questions put to him by THE INDEPENDENT on Wednesday. The foregoing is very interesting. The three gentlemen named are among the leaders of the Stark county Democracy. Their opinions show the great unwillingness of the Bryanite orator to discuss the money question this year. Mr. Pomeroy gives us a confession of faith, but proceeds no further. In his next speech when he finds himself in favor of more money he might explain how it is that there is now so much money on deposit in the Massillon banks that rates of interest have fallen while the accumulated savings of our working people have doubled in four years.

The Democratic brethren seem to fear THE INDEPENDENT's question box, yet there is nothing more instructive than a lively set of questions when they are answered. THE INDEPENDENT suspects that Citizen Howells, who has had a hand in building up Massillon, who is a close reasoner, and is one of those business men whom we all like and respect, realized the humor of his position when called upon as a Democrat to discuss the free silver question on which as a business man, he doubtless takes the Republican or business man's view. He therefore said the money question was not paramount and "therefore I have nothing to say about it." There might be great danger, however, to the country if the majority of the voters should take the same view of the matter and elect Mr. Bryan and a Democratic house. There would be such a scrambling of depositors to get their money from the

banks that the entire business of the country would speedily be thrown into disorder. The most enthusiastic Democrat in Stark county with a bank account, would be indisposed to take chances on being repaid with a fifty-cent dollar if he knew that only a Republican senate, and that likely to become Democratic, stood between him and the free coinage of silver.

It is a pity that the Democratic "first voters" of Dalton and the country west of the city, whose common sense will not allow them to support Bryan, but who have decided not to vote for McKinley because of the influence of parents and others, do not stop to reason a bit before they throw away their votes upon a party which they have accepted as a compromise. These young men should remember that there are thousands of other Democrats in the country, whose ancestors have been Democrats of the most pronounced type, who voted the Democratic ticket until Bryan and free silver came to the front, but who will this year vote for McKinley. These Democrats have studied the new Democratic issue with care and impartiality and have reached the conclusion that the adoption of the Bryan policy would breed immediate disaster upon the country. It is probable, too, that these Democrats have been branded by parents and friends as traitors to their party, but the fact remains that there are thousands of them who have concluded that their honest ideas of what is right as affecting the country at large is of greater importance than any ties of blood.

It is of the highest importance that every voter in Massillon, or for that matter in any part of this congressional district, who has any idea of voting for President McKinley should also vote for the re-election of Congressman Taylor. The line of reasoning is scarcely stronger in one case than in the other. Without a Republican Congress the entire Republican program of legislation would be hopelessly blocked. The party has simply laid down its policy with respect to Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippines, the reconstruction of the merchant marine and all those other questions affecting public interests. To carry out those policies a congress in sympathy with those ideas must be returned. THE INDEPENDENT has too much respect for its Republican readers to believe that any personal considerations will influence their ballots on November 6. They will vote for Mr. Taylor because he is a Republican with a brilliant record and a congressman who has discharged every local responsibility with all possible consideration for the rights of all his constituents, meeting difficult situations with tact and with no wish other than that for the public good.

The Canton News-Democrat, usually extremely courteous in its editorial observations, supplies its readers with several paragraphs based upon the following lines taken from its account of a Democratic meeting held in this city: "Then Mr. Krichbaum proceeded to ask the editor of THE INDEPENDENT a few questions. He asked whether the editor of THE INDEPENDENT believed that public office was a public trust, and if he did, why was he not at his post, attending to business, rather than being here at home interested in a political campaign."

THE INDEPENDENT is prepared to agree with Mr. Krichbaum that public office is a public trust; also that honesty is the best policy. The present editor of THE INDEPENDENT is not interested, however, in public office except in the sense that all its contemporaries are interested in public affairs. The flings are intended no doubt at a citizen of Massillon, who after attending to his business to the best of his ability, and after an absence abroad for three years, is now enjoying a leave of absence which is his, not by favor, but by law. While THE INDEPENDENT is perfectly willing to accept any possible criticism or comment from its Democratic friends, and is entirely responsible for its own utterances, it rises to a point of order when the affairs of another are dragged into the discussion without rhyme or reason.

The danger that the Bryanite free silver advocates will, by the coming election, gain control of the lower house of the Fifty-seventh congress is emphasized in a letter which has been addressed to numerous Massillon Republicans by the chairman of the executive committee of the Indianapolis monetary convention. The letter calls attention to the fact that if the Democrats gain representation from eight districts and keep what they now have, they will be in the majority. If the Bryanites control the lower house they will certainly express resentment of the gold standard by the passage of a free silver bill. The senate would not confirm it, but the simple fact that one house of congress, so soon after enactment of the gold standard law, should consent to take such a step, would undo our present splendid financial rating. Creditors would lose faith in our stability or continuity of purpose, and commercial confidence would be shaken to tremendous, untold loss. Labor and capital would suffer several years of inactivity and distress. With these statements accepted as the plain truth, will any thoughtful man be willing to take any risk? Will any thoughtful man rest content without effort in this campaign? Every patriot who loves his country's good name,

every citizen who understands the vital necessity of the employment of our people, must bend his back in another effort to resist the wrong with which the demagogue would burden the country. The sound money candidate in this district is Robert W. Taylor, who should be supported by all possible co-operation. Every individual voter can help to save the people from the disaster which threatens them.

## NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood  
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion.  
Nervita Pills, 60 Pills, 50 CTS.  
The pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail \$2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

## Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH

(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results  
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Pains, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Erysipelas, Eczema, Eruptions and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, \$1.00 a box, 6 for \$5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address:

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.  
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.  
Sold by Z. T. Baltzy, druggist, Massillon, Ohio

## The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (old).....	73-75
Hay, per ton.....	10 00 to 12 00
Straw, per ton.....	5 50
Corn.....	40-45
Oats.....	22-25
Clover Seed.....	5 00-5 50
Timothy Seed.....	2 00
Rye, per bu.....	8 50
Barley.....	48
Flax seed.....	1 50
Wool (unwashed, fine).....	14-15
Wool (unwashed, medium).....	20-21

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel new.....	35
Beets, per bushel.....	40
Apples.....	35
Cabbage, per dozen.....	35-40
Evaporated apples.....	08 to 10
White beans.....	2 00
Onions.....	60

## BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY

Butter.....	18-20
Eggs.....	16
Chickens, live, per lb.....	73
Spring Chickens, dressed, lb.....	11

## MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham.....	12 1/2
Shoulder.....	09
Lard.....	508
Sides.....	06 to 07

## TODAY'S MARKETS

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. E. Drake's exchange:

BANK STATEMENT.	
Reserve increased.....	\$ 8,084,125
Loans decreased.....	4,464,600
Specie increased.....	2,279,500
Legals increased.....	41,300
Deposits decreased.....	8,041,200
Circulation increased.....	125,700

## NEW YORK.

Open-High-Low-Close			
American Sugar.....	123 1/2	123 1/2	122
American Tobacco.....	97	98	97
Atchafalca (Pfd.).....	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
C. B. & Q.....	127 1/2	128 1/2	127 1/2
Federal Steel.....	39 1/2	39 1/2	38 1/2
Manhattan.....	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Missouri Pacific.....	57 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2
Louisville & Nashville.....	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2

## CHICAGO.

Wheat.	Open- ing.	High- est.	Low- est.	Close
Nov. ... ..	72½	73½	71½	71½
Dec. .. ..	73½	74½	72½	72½
Jan.				
Nov. ... ..	80½	80½	36	36½
Dec. ... ..	85½	35½	34½	34½
Jan.				
Nov. ... ..	21½	21½	21½	21½



# MONSTER MEETING.

(Continued from first page)

crease in the nation's export trade, Mr. Taylor remarked that in a few years the name plates of Russell & Co., and of the Morgan Engineering Co. will be as familiar as here at home.

Speaking on the trust question Mr. Taylor referred to the attempt made by the last congress to pass a constitutional amendment giving to congress the right to wage war on dangerous combinations of capital. He said the defeat of the measure was accomplished by a united effort on the part of the Democrats in Congress. A two-thirds vote was required. All of the Republicans but one voted for the bill; all of the Democrats but four voted against it. The Democrats opposed the measure because they would rather see the country lying in ruins than have it said that a Republican congress had solved the trust problem.

## THE PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

**Mr. Wilkinson Tells of What It Has Done for Minnesota.**

The Rev. William Wilkinson amused, entertained and instructed his hearers for twenty minutes, being interrupted many times by the cheers of the audience. Mr. Wilkinson, who has had charge of the mission work of the Episcopal church in Minneapolis for several years, has had ample cause to know what awful conditions followed the mistake of 1892. What the Democratic tampering with the tariff did to the lumber trade of this country is a matter of history, and the suffering and want of the once prosperous and happy people of Minnesota which came with this paralysis to that great industry were described by Mr. Wilkinson, who said that his fellow citizens now knew how to vote.

"All the ideas of Mr. Bryan," said the speaker, "if put into practice would flood the continent with the cheap productions of the countries where work is the worst paid thing sold. Mr. Bryan was in favor of free wool. We had it, and at Ashland I met a man yesterday who in October, 1896, sold in the open market for 15 cents a pound wool from his flock. The same man this month has sold 400 fleeces for more than twice that price."

Mr. Wilkinson then took up imperialism and militarism. He asked if there was any fear of this becoming a nation ruled by the military when the army of the land is composed of our sons and brothers. "These are the men," he said, "who, loving liberty, were ready to fight for it. Some died for it, sanctifying that war with their blood. You are asked to stand in fear of an army. Away with such trash! The army is composed of your friends, and they are only one in 750 of all our people."

"This talk against our government's intentions," continued he, "and of the nefarious purposes to which the army will be used, should be spurned by all honest minded men. We have the Philippines. We have placed within thirty hours' travel of Hong Kong our flag, and where American prowess has placed it Mr. Bryan is not going to take it down. The East is an outlet for our goods. We send to China four times more goods now than we did in 1894, and the increase will continue more rapidly, will bless the Chinese, and it will bless us. No prophet hath foretold, no seer hath described, what this American people will be in one hundred years from now. The wonderful German people, whose emperor is the ablest ruler in all Europe, are of Saxons in origin, and the English speaking race are to be, I believe, the most powerful part of mankind, and in the drama of history we have a part to fill—in voting the Republican ticket now to keep all which is for the good of man."

## ON IMPERIALISM.

**Pfeffer Shows Himself a Master of the Subject.**

It was a matter of regret to all that the Canton and Alliance delegations were obliged to leave the hall before the close of the meeting in order to catch their trains, which moved at 10:30 o'clock. It was after 10 o'clock when ex-Senator Pfeffer, of Kansas, was introduced. His speech was a masterful handling of the subject of imperialism. Mr. Pfeffer quoted history and great men to prove his statement that the position of the Republican party in regard to the Philippine question is not contrary to the precedents established by Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Harrison, Tyler, Lincoln and others who have gone on before and who have had similar questions with which to deal.

He referred to the purchase of the great territory of Louisiana, out of which this nation has carved some of the richest states of the union. Yet, though populated with a civilized race, the portion of the territory given the name Louisiana, which as a state still bears that name, the people of this part of the territory were not accorded the rights of citizenship for nine years subsequent to the purchase of the land in 1803. The people of Idaho, which was also once a part of the territory of Louisiana, were not given the rights of citizens for eighty-seven years after the great west was added to the nation's domain. Notwithstanding these facts, said the speaker, the Democracy is demanding that we make citizens out of the unenlightened hosts of the islands which we have recently added to our possessions. "I believe," remarked Mr. Pfeffer, "that if the people of Idaho could wait eighty-seven years and if the people of Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas and the many other states could wait from ninety to eight years each for

these rights, the Philippines can wait for at least two years. Educate these first, then give them the ballot."

At this point the senator's earnestness became impassioned and annoyed by the flashing of the footlights in front and the vexation of his high standing collar from the rear, requested that the former be turned off and released himself from the thrall of the latter. He placed the collar carefully on the speaker's stand and took up the thread of his argument.

Mr. Pfeffer predicted that Kansas, which was carried by Bryan four years ago, would give McKinley 30,000 or 35,000 majority this fall. The speaker drew a comparison between the two candidates for the presidency. McKinley, a statesman tried and true and never found wanting, on the one side, and Bryan, with naught to recommend him but his tongue, on the other. The policy of the Democratic party to arry class against class, particularly in the case of labor and capital, to embitter the man who toils against the man who employs him, he denounced as cowardly and despicable. Mr. Pfeffer said he believed in raising up labor, instead of attempting to crush it down by filling the workmen with discouragement, and instead of extending a helping hand to the unsuccessful seek to turn them against their more fortunate neighbors. Mr. Pfeffer's speech was the briefest of the evening. He had but fifteen minutes to speak before the Canton hosts began to leave the hall. Those who remained, however, called upon the speaker to continue, and at their request he arose and spoke for a few minutes longer.

## TALK OF AIR LINE.

**Railway Men Discussing Nothing Else.**

## SURVEY HAS BEEN MADE.

**It Is Believed That the Camp Railway, Instead of Connecting With the P., F. W. & C. at Maassillon, Will Be Extended to Dover to Join the O. & P. Line—Other Railway News.**

The talk in local railroad circles at present is about the recent purchase of the Camp railway by the Pennsylvania Company. The impression prevails that it is the intention of the company to extend the line, which has been completed from Apple creek to West Lebanon, on to Canal Dover, there connecting with the New Philadelphia branch of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh railway, which is one of the Pennsylvania family. By so doing the Massillon and Wooster grades, which are the bane of all the employees of this division and which greatly retard the progress of trains, will be cut out entirely, and the route will be shortened by several miles. The line will doubtless be built through the Killbuck bottom and the Tuscarawas valley, where little grading will be necessary. The Camp road will be connected with the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago line at Millbrook, near Wooster, it is thought. The piece of track between Canton and Millbrook is reputed to be the worst on the P., F. W. & C. line, the grade being a rise of about 52 feet to the mile.

It is known that the engineering corps of the Pennsylvania company has gone over the route above suggested, and that stakes have been placed. It is believed that if this line is constructed the road now passing through Massillon will be used for passenger traffic exclusively. The freight service will have the exclusive use of the new line. Of course all shipping of freight into and out of Massillon can be done with the same facility as now, but the traffic of the line passing through the city will amount to little outside of the passenger trains. Probably the only freight on this road will be the regular local to carry freight to and from the towns which, like Massillon, will no longer be on the main freight line.

## COLUMBIA NOTES.

Storekeeper Clementz, of the W. & L. E. railroad, has at last succeeded in getting the complicated set of books, which the W. & L. E. company has installed in all its stores, in good working order. By this system the company is enabled to keep a correct list of all stores on hand at any time. When an order is received for some particular article, three copies of it are made, one is kept by the storekeeper, one is sent to the office at Toledo, and one to the general roadmaster. The orders are also transferred to a receiving book journal and ledger.

The miners from Navarre who had trouble the other day with regard to the use of hand cars on the Wheeling road, have settled their difficulties with the road, and now have a special car at their disposition for use in going to and from the mines.

## What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No baking! Add hot water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10 cts.

## It Heals the Lungs.

When suffering from a racking cough, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. The soreness will be relieved and a warm, grateful feeling and healing of the parts affected will be experienced. Rider & Snyder.

Read the "want" columns daily.

## NEW KIND OF SUGAR CANE.

**One Produced That Will Yield Thirty Per Cent More Sugar.**

Professor William C. Stubbs, director of the United States sugar experiment station in Louisiana, the only one in the United States, announces, according to a New Orleans dispatch to the New York Sun, that after years of experiment he has developed a sugar cane that will yield 30 per cent more sugar than any of the canes grown in Louisiana, Texas or the other southern states and that will well nigh revolutionize the sugar industry. The experiment station has been testing for the last ten years various kinds of sugar cane, importing them from Java, the Philippines, Hawaii, Brazil and other cane sugar producing countries to find a variety adapted to Louisiana. The present improved cane comes from Trinidad and is one of several varieties imported from there six years ago and with which Professor Stubbs has experimented since. He has finally secured a cane that is specially adapted for cultivation in the south and that will at the same time increase the sugar output for the acreage. He said:

"We now have two varieties of cane derived from the original Trinidad cane that will yield 33 tons to the acre and 16 per cent of sugar to the juice, whereas the cane now in use yields from 20 to 35 tons to the acre and 12 per cent sugar to the juice. The new cane in addition is deep rooted and strong and much better than the ordinary Louisiana plant. The Louisiana experiment station has now a sufficient supply of the cane to send to sugar planters for planting purposes and will begin sending it out in a few days. It will supply it to the sugar experiment stations in Cuba and Hawaii."

## DOGS OF WAR.

**Some Said to Have Been Taken to China by German Troops.**

The dog seems destined to play an important part in future warfare. The German army is now provided with a large number of four footed soldiers, says the London News. The greatest pains are taken to train the animal, and its usefulness was quite established at last year's maneuvers near Coblenz. It is employed in three ways. Its intelligence and keen scent are utilized for discovering wounded men. The St. Bernard would naturally be chosen for Samaritan duties of this kind, but the object is to choose smaller dogs, which are less likely to be shot. During the maneuvers 200 soldiers were ordered to fall wounded in different parts of a forest. Five hundred ambulance orderlies were instructed to find them. Twelve escaped their search, but these were all scented out by four dogs, which, on a repetition of the experiment, saved 18 who would otherwise have had no help.

The dogs are provided with a little box full of refreshments and a packet of bandages. They are trained to wait till the wounded man has used these, and if he is too ill to do so to run back and fetch an ambulance officer. The other services for which the dogs are trained are as sentinels and scouts, and, more important still, as ammunition carriers between the wagons and the firing line. It appears that the German troops sent out to China took with them a number of these faithful and well trained recruits.

## RAPID CENSUS WORK.

**Young Woman Makes New Record For Punching Cards.**

Miss Mabel Delaplane, a clerk in the population division of the census office at Washington, holds the record for fast work in that office, says the St. Louis Republic. The data gathered by the enumerators are transferred to cards by clerks who punch holes in the cards to renumerate each fact ascertained by the enumerators. A separate card is punched for each person in the country.

The cards are then run through mechanical tabulating machines which tabulate on dials the data contained on the cards. To hold a situation in the card punching department a young lady must be able to punch an average of 100 cards an hour, each card having an average of 18 holes. To obtain the highest pay given for this work—\$75 a month—a girl must punch an average of 140 cards per hour.

Many of the thousand girls in the population division have much higher averages and until the other day the record was held by Miss Eva Magnus, who sustained an average of 376 cards an hour for a short time. Miss Delaplane recently determined to surpass this record and make a new one that would stand unequalled.

In five hours and 47 minutes she punched 2,993 cards, or an average of 410 per hour.

## Effects of Football.

In referring to the health conditions at the Annapolis Naval academy, Surgeon General Van Reydon, in his annual report at Washington, says that football was responsible for four fractures, one luxation and several sprains and contusions, but the casualties from football have not been serious and have not involved much loss of time from academic work. The game has become so specialized that it is played by only a small percentage of cadets, and therefore its benefits are confined to a few. Its disadvantages were represented during the year by 101 sick days and 113 additional days lost from drills.

## Physical Disability of Victoria.

It is now a matter of physical impossibility for the queen to open parliament, and her majesty has not been seen in the house of lords since February, 1893, says London Truth. The ceremony involves much walking, and a staircase has to be ascended.

## BRYAN'S PROG RAMME.

**He Will Visit Ohio and Indiana Next Week.**

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—Bryan closes his tour in the East at Dunkirk on Tuesday night, and will reach Toledo for an early Wednesday morning meeting. Thence he will go to Waukeon, Napoleon, Ottawa, Lima, Wapakoneta, Sidney, Piqua and College Corner, reaching Cincinnati for a night meeting. He will tour through Indiana on Thursday and Friday, Chicago and vicinity on Saturday, then to Nebraska for Monday.

## RICE WAS POISONED.

**Attorney and Private Secretary Bound Over to Court.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—Professor Witthouse, in his chemical analysis of the stomach of William M. Rice, the millionaire, reports finding mercury and arsenic. Albert T. Patrick, his attorney, and Charles Jones, private secretary to Rice, were bound over today for forging Rice's name to checks for vast sums.

## THE NEWS CONFIRMED.

**Prominent Anti-Foreign Leader Commits Suicide.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—The suicide of Yu Hsien, a prominent leader of the anti-foreign element, and whose punishment was demanded by the powers, has been confirmed.

## BIG DEMONSTRATIONS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—Roosevelt was given an ovation early at the Erie ferry here, also at the Jersey City station, speaking en route at Suffern, Hillburn, Middletown, Port Jervis, Shohola, Lackawanna, Cohocton, Calicoon, Lung Eddy, Deposit, Great Bend, with big demonstrations at all points. He will be at Binghamton tonight.

## FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—The celebration announced for today in honor of the return of the Imperial volunteers from South Africa, has been postponed until Monday. The transport cannot reach the dock at Southampton until this evening.

## A PLOT DISCOVERED.

LYONS, Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—It is reported on good authority that a plot to assassinate President Loubet has been discovered. It is supposed the same band of anarchists who murdered King Humbert, of Italy, are in the conspiracy.

## ADMIRAL'S BROTHER DEAD.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—Edward Dewey, a brother of the Admiral, died here today, aged 71. He was quartermaster of the Eighth Vermont regiment during the war of the rebellion.

## ANOTHER TELLER WRONG.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—[By Associated Press]—W. J. Beckley, teller in the bank of N. W. Harris & Company, is reported to have embezzled over seven thousand dollars.

## DO YOU GET UP

## WITH A LAME BACK?

**Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.**

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



**NO!** It is not claimed that Foley's Honey and Tar will cure Consumption or Asthma in advanced stages; it holds out no such false hopes, but *does* truthfully claim to always give comfort and relief in the very worst cases and in the early stages to effect a cure.

BANNER SALVE is a healing wonder.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

**PEOPLE READ** The Advertisements in a live NEWSPAPER!  
Moral: Advertise in "THE INDEPENDENT"

# "The Pilgrim"

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY has completed arrangements with the publishers of the above named monthly which enables it to make an unprecedented offer to the readers of THE INDEPENDENT. Every subscriber to the Semi-Weekly, by paying a year's subscription in advance, will receive "The Pilgrim" for one year

# Absolutely Free!

"The Pilgrim" is essentially a magazine for the home, and all its departments are of the most instructive and entertaining character. The following table of contents of a recent issue fairly illustrates the scope of the magazine: "The Man Without the Hoe" (poem); "John Ruskin;" "Nature's Wonder: the Grand Canon of the Colorado;" "Unchaperoned in Spain" (story); "Educational: Transportation of Rural School Pupils at Public Expense;" "Personal Recollections of the American Civil War Period;" "The Social Link" (story); "The Mother's Realm;" "The House Beautiful;" "Artistic Attire;" "The Wealth of Health;" "Mid Plants and Blossoms;" "The Bath and Toilet;" "The Fine Arts of Cooking and Sewing;" "Home Recreations;" Editorial Notes, a page for little folks, and much other matter of more than usual interest—all superbly illustrated with half-tone plates.

## Remember the Terms:

Every subscriber to the Semi-Weekly paying one year in advance will receive "The Pilgrim" for twelve months FREE OF CHARGE. The subscription price of the monthly has never been less than one dollar per year. THE SEMI-WEEKLY INDEPENDENT and "The Pilgrim," one year,

## ONE DOLLAR!

**PEOPLE READ!**

The advertisements in a live newspaper Moral: Advertise in "The Independent."

## Bahney's Bookstore

A Most Complete Line of

Office Supplies, Ledgers, Journals, Indexes, Trial Balance Books, Cash Books, Bills Payable and Receivable, Notes, Drafts and Receipts, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Rulers, Files of every description.

Bahney's, Book Store, 20 E. Main St



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Casbeck, in Ohio street, a daughter.

Fredericksburg, Wayne county, is suffering from an epidemic of diphtheria. The bank south of the Pennsylvania station is being sodded, to prevent the rain washing it away.

Mrs. Martin Carey, of Homeworth, is visiting at the residence of Mrs. Sarah Kerstetter, in North Mill street.

R. B. Brown, a leading citizen of Shreve, dropped dead, Thursday, while assisting his wife to move a stove.

Frank Benedict has arrived from Dayton for a brief visit with relatives. Mr. Benedict is an inmate of the Soldiers' Home.

The dedication of the new West Side M. E. church will take place on Sunday, November 4. An elaborate programme is being prepared.

James Carnes has accepted a position with the W. & L. E. railroad at Canton as extra train dispatcher. Mr. Carnes was formerly with the Pennsylvania railway as telegraph operator, of the tower north of town.

Mrs. Amos Parsons, who was received some time ago at the Massillon state hospital as a patient, was today removed to her home in Steubenville by her relatives. Mrs. Parsons had shown no signs of improvement and was rapidly becoming weaker.

The marriage of Archibald Kennedy and Miss Rose Ax took place at 7 o'clock Thursday evening at the residence of Frederic Gump, corner of Waechter street and Borden avenue. After the wedding a supper was given the newly married couple. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy will reside in George street.

Hicks, in his November forecast, predicts decided autumnal storms the first week of the month and sea will be a marked feature over vast sections. Following these storms there will be a cold wave and about the 10th more storms, followed by a decided dash of early winter, lasting up to about the 21st. As the month goes out a cold wave will be in sight.

The marriage of Per Lee Howald and Miss Ida Houriet took place Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Mary Houriet, No. 45 Grant street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. I. Wilson, in the presence of the immediate relatives only. Mr. and Mrs. Howald will spend their honeymoon in the city, and for the present will reside at the home of the bride, No. 45 Grant street.

John Loew, of Navarro, who has held office in Bethlehem township for twenty-seven years, while in Massillon, Thursday, stated that it was his intention to retire from public life and politics upon the expiration of his present term as justice of the peace. Mr. Loew has been a justice for twenty-seven years. He was a member of the village board of education for twenty-one years. He is a Democrat of the old fashioned school.

L. & A. Morgan, gate tender at the C. & W. railroad crossing, is complaining of the people in buggies and wagons who have occasion to cross the tracks when a train is approaching. He says that as soon as the bell on the gate gives warning of the lowering of the gates, these people deliberately whip up their horses and attempt to cross while the gate is being lowered. He regards this as a dangerous practice, interfering with the use of the gates and foolishly risking life.

## ROUNABOUT TOWNS.

John Ackerman, aged 55, of Wooster, was struck by an east bound freight engine on the Pennsylvania road, Friday afternoon, and instantly killed.

Tom Sullivan and James Donavan, charged with burglarizing the Stebbins bank at Creston, were each held in \$1,000 bail, in default of which they were lodged in the Wooster jail.

John Mahoney, of Cleveland, conductor on Big Four road, fell under his train at New London and was ground to pieces.

Thomas Taylor, a millwright employed at the American Steel Hoop Company's plant, at Youngstown, was caught in the rolls and crushed to death, on Thursday.

During a Bryan meeting at Oberlin, last night, a fire for all fight was indulged in by the students. No one seriously hurt.

Peter Linden was struck by an electric car at Lorain, Friday evening, and instantly killed.

John Crongy, a prosperous farmer of Oak Harbor, committed suicide by blowing the top of his head off with a shotgun.

One hundred and fifty men employed in the construction of the B. & O., near Tiffin, are on strike. The contractors owe the men for two months' work.

H. C. Laylin, Republican candidate for secretary of state, was mistaken for a Dowie elder, while in Mansfield, on Thursday, and narrowly escaped rough handling.

Mrs. Henrietta Simpson, of New Philadelphia, was burned to death yesterday. Starting fire with kerosene and the can exploded.

The Gray Oil Company, capital stock \$10,000, has been incorporated by residents of Minerva. Will drill for oil and gas.

## ROOF FELL SUDDENLY.

George Stanford Injured in the Krause Mine.

George Stanford, of North Lawrence, while at work in the Krause mine, near that village, on Friday, was injured by being caught by a fall of roof. The coal struck him on the body and, though no bones are broken, his internal hurts are serious. Mr. Stanford has a family.

## THE COMING CARNIVAL.

Brilliant Event of the Theatrical and Social Season.

The forthcoming carnival of musical romances and terpsichorean revels, the initial production of which will be given at the Armory on the evening of November 9, for the benefit of St. Timothy's church, promises to be a brilliant feature of the coming theatrical and social season. Rehearsals are now being conducted nightly in St. Timothy's parish house by Prof. F. M. Agostini, who has full charge of the performance. Edward H. Coates, of New York, is the business manager. The carnival proper embraces many familiar selections from popular operas, interwoven with beautiful dances and stage pictures.

It will be delightful news to the patrons of amateur theatricals to know that Mrs. Harry L. McLain will play the part of Carmen, while the Toreador will be represented by Ray Markel, a well known baritone. Mrs. A. Per Lee Pease will be Queen Terpsichore and will have charge of the minut danced by the ladies of her train. The Festival of Vesta will be in charge of Miss Lida McBride. This is considered to be one of the most beautiful pieces of stage work ever arranged for local talent. Mrs. R. B. Dimon will be a gypsy queen and will execute a special dance. Some of the others who have charge of various parts of the carnival and who will take part in the entertainment are: Mrs. F. P. Drake, Miss Karthaus, Miss Emma Dielhenn, Mrs. C. F. Porter, Mrs. William M. Reed, Miss Clara Burton, Mrs. John E. McLain, Miss Laura Russell, Miss Helen Hunt, Mrs. Robert H. Day, Miss Bayliss, George Culver, F. W. Arnold, Harry McLain, Prescott Burton and E. K. Albrecht.

## FRIDAY NIGHT'S FIRES.

Harvey Styer's Residence Totally Destroyed—Bloomberg's Store.

The residence of Harvey Styer, in South Summit street, with its contents was totally destroyed by fire on Friday evening at 7:00. None of the family were at home and Mr. Styer was taking part in the Republican demonstration when the alarm was turned in. He followed the crowd to the West Side, and when he saw his own house in flames was so much shocked that he fell to the ground unconscious, remaining in that condition for several minutes. The origin of the fire is a mystery, but as \$15 in money and some jewelry are missing, it is supposed that it was the work of tramps, who continually infest that locality. Mr. Styer could not give an estimate of his loss this morning, but said that the insurance, \$1,500, would hardly cover it.

What might have been a disastrous fire, had it not been discovered in time, occurred at Bloomberg's clothing store last night. As it was, no damage was done. The fire originated from a defective electric light in the second story.

## HURT IN A MINE.

William Looby Caught Beneath a Fall of Top.

William Looby, of North Lawrence, employed in the Mullins No. 4 mine, was badly injured on Wednesday afternoon. He was caught beneath a fall of top. No bones are broken, but his internal injuries are serious. He was also considerably hurt about the arms and hips. Mr. Looby is well known throughout the district. He was formerly checkweighman at one of the North Lawrence mines.

## OBITUARY NOTICES.

MRS. LOUISE EHRET.

Mrs. Louise Ehret, the wife of Joseph Ehret, of 46 Fulton street, died at 5:25 o'clock Thursday afternoon, of tuberculosis. Mrs. Ehret had been in poor health for a year, and for the past six months had been bedfast. She was 29 years old and was the mother of one child, a boy of 7 years. Mrs. Ehret was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Zink, of this city, and, though born in Germany, had spent all but one year of her life in Massillon. Her marriage took place in 1891. The parents of the deceased survive her, and also the following brothers and sisters: Michael Zink, Mrs. Carrie Rauber and Mrs. Victor Houriet, of Massillon; Miss Emma Zink and Mrs. Harry Schmierle, of Cleveland.

Funeral services will be held at St. John's Evangelical church, of which the deceased was a member, at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon. A brief service will be conducted at the residence at 1:30 o'clock. The Rev. J. E. Digel will officiate. The members of the Protected Home Circle and of the Ladies' Society of St. John's church, with which organizations the deceased was connected, will attend the funeral in a body.

MRS. SARAH WILLIAMS.

The body of the late Mrs. Sarah Williams, who died at the state hospital on Wednesday, was Friday afternoon removed to West Lawn cemetery, Canton, for burial. Mrs. Williams was 59 years old, and was for many years a resident of Canton. She was removed to the Massillon hospital from the Cleveland institution over a year ago. She is survived by a husband, William Wirebaugh, of Waynesburg, is a brother of the deceased. Organic brain disease was the cause of death.

DANIEL LOFTUS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Nicholas, of 267 South Erie street, have received news of the death of Daniel Loftus, a young man who formerly resided at North Lawrence, but who has lately made his home at Wilkesbarre, Pa.

MISS MARGARET KOCH.

Miss Margaret Koch, aged about 70 years, died at Gallipolis on Tuesday. The body was brought to Canal Dover, where funeral services were held today, a number of Massillonians attending. The deceased was a former resident of this city.

## KOCH FOUND HERE.

Cleveland Officer Effects His Arrest.

## POISON ON VEGETA

Policeman Getz Seeks Out Farmer Hoffman, who Says He Used Harmless Air-Slacked Lime—Fred Yingling Said to Have Attempted to Steal a Coat—Other Police Notes.

Officer Jones came down from Cleveland last night to arrest Jacob Koch, who has been employed as an electrical worker in the city for some time past, on a charge of criminal assault. The local police authorities had never heard of Koch, but they finally succeeded in locating him in South Erie street. Koch protests his innocence.

## FOR STEALING A COAT.

Boxer Clark, the glassblower who was to have assisted Fred Yingling in his benefit entertainment, reported to the police last night that Yingling had possession of his overcoat and was unwilling to give it up. When Yingling was brought before the mayor he declared that he supposed Clark meant to make him a present of the garment. Clark said, however, that he had merely lent it to Yingling one cold evening.

## ON OFFICIAL BUSINESS.

Marshall Kitchen and Policeman McGuire went to Cleveland today. They expect there to find an individual on whose trail they have been camping for many weeks.

## NO POISON ON CABBAGE.

Policeman Getz, to whom complaint was made over the telephone by a woman who gave the name of Mrs. Heisler that a farmer named Hoffman was selling poisoned vegetables in the city, looked up Mr. Hoffman, and discovered that the alleged poison was slacked lime, which he had placed on cabbages while in the stock and which, though fatal to worms, was absolutely non-injurious to man. He was permitted to continue to ply his trade. Mr. Hoffman's farm is east of the city.

## "Oiling Up."

Just a little oil on the engine at the right time may mean the difference between life and death to the passengers and crew. What oil is to the friction of the delicate parts of the engine, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is to the delicate organs of the body.

It eases their labor, prevents the loss of power and waste of energy caused by friction. Many a man who was all run down, whose limbs ached when he walked, whose back ached when he laid down, who breathed with difficulty, and coughed constantly, has been perfectly cured by the use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It purifies the blood, strengthens the stomach and heals weak lungs.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," nor any medicine called "just as good" by the dealer.

Mr. Chas. Hunwick, of Lenox, Macomb Co., Mich., writes: "I have never felt better in my life than I do now. I have taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery right along. I can now walk quite well with a cane, and hope to throw even that away before long, and as I have had no crutches for nearly two years, I think I am doing fine. I do not cough now and I can sleep like a school boy. You must know that I have been treated in two hospitals and by three doctors besides, and received no benefit so I think your medicine the only medicine for me." Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser in paper cover, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I have always used Foley's Honey and Tar cough medicine, and think it the best in the world," says Chas. Bender, a newsdealer, of Erie, Pa. Rider & Snyder.

## GOSHEN, Ill.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.: Dear Sirs:—Some days since a package of your GRAIN-O preparation was left at my office. I took it home and gave it a trial, and I have to say I was very much pleased with it, as a substitute for coffee. We have always used the best Java and Mocha in our family, but I am free to say I like the GRAIN-O as well as the best coffee I ever drank.

Respectfully yours,

A. C. JACKSON, M. D.

The editor of the Fordville, Ky., Miscellaneous, writes as a postscript to a business letter: "I was cured of kidney trouble by taking Foley's Kidney Cure." Rider & Snyder.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

## To Stop a Cold.

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. Take nothing else. Rider & Snyder.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Everyone is afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. 50 cents.

It is exasperating to one who has used Foley's Honey and Tar and knows what it will do, to have a dealer recommend something else as "just the same" or "just as good" for colds, coughs, croup, la grippe, etc. Rider & Snyder.

## A TALE OF DISTRESS

Heart and Purse Touched by a Stranger.

## AUTHORITIES WERE KIND.

They Provided the Man with a Railway Ticket and Sent Him Out of the City—Filled Hotels Results in Another Filling—Debate, Drink, Desire, Downfall.

A man with a bandaged right arm and a heartrending tale of distress who was making a house to house begging canvass in West Main street Saturday morning, was arrested by Policeman Getz, the humane officer. The policeman examined the injury on the man's arm, and pronounced it to have been self inflicted. Special Officer Frew, of New Philadelphia, who also saw the sore, agreed. "It's simply another case of humbugging the public," said Getz to the mayor, "and the man ought to be sent to the workhouse to be made an example of. He burned his arm with acid and then soaped it with a harmless compound to give it a sore appearance. There is nothing like a bad-looking injury to arouse sympathy."

Mayor Wise took the man to Dr. T. Clarke Miller, who found much proof of the injured arm, but who was unable to determine the manner in which the hurt had been inflicted by the appearance of the wound. Mayor Wise then turned the man over to the township trustees, who provided him with transportation to Uhrichsville.

## HOTELS FULL; MASON LIKEWISE.

"When I got into town last night," remarked J. H. Mason, of Pittsburgh, before the mayor Saturday morning, "every hotel was full. Not a room could I get anywhere. I couldn't wander about the streets. So I went to a saloon. I bought drinks instead of paying for my lodging, and of course I became drunk. I don't remember anything that happened after daylight. I'm not a drinking man, and I wouldn't have got drunk last night if I could have found a hotel not full." Mason's fine was fixed at \$1, and he was committed till it should be paid.

## TALKED LOUD OF POLITICS.

Young men who talked loudly of politics, and who may have struck a blow or two, Friday night, have been ordered to appear before the mayor and explain this afternoon. The mayor says they are not under arrest. A reprimand will be given them.

## PLAIN, BLUNT AND DRUNK.

"Why, this town never saw a drunker man than me," indignantly replied Michael Malloyan when Mayor Wise asked him if there was any question as to his guilt. "And the worst of it is I haven't a cent to pay a fine. I may as well be plain and blunt about it." The mayor sent the man back to jail. Malloyan was found lying in the street by Policeman Budd.

## ON THE TRAIL OF THIEVES.

Detective Frew, employed by the C. & W. company, has succeeded in breaking up a gang of brass thieves which has been operating along his line for some time past. The officer, who is in the city today, says he arrested the leader of the gang yesterday.

## A Card.

The manufacturers of Banner Salve have authorized the undersigned to guarantee it for burns, cuts, sores, tetters, eczema and all skin diseases. Your money back if it doesn't do all it claims. Rider & Snyder.

## Don't Miss This!

Full relief given to sufferers from constipation, biliousness or liver troubles by using Blusser's Vegetable Liver Pills. Sold by all druggists.

## \$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Streets, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, Druggist, Massillon, O.

## INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this banner than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

## WANTED.

BOY—At once! to deliver papers; must be over 15 years of age. E. F. Bahney 20 East Main street.

BOY—To learn printers' trade. Massillon Show Printing Co. 16 Exchange street.

EVERYBODY to know that Borway's second-hand store is now located at No. 7 Canal street in the room formerly occupied by the Pearl steam laundry.

WOMAN—A good girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. C. P. L. McLain, 38 S. High street.

HORSES—To winter a number of horses at the Dalton stock farm, 8 miles west of Massillon, one mile and a half northeast of Dalton. Our facilities and care are first-class, and prices reasonable. Address L. S. Rudy, Dalton, or by telephone 208, 2 rings.

LADIES—I make big wages at home, and want all to have the same opportunity. The work is very pleasant and will easily pay \$15 weekly. This is no deception. I want no money and will gladly send full particulars to all sending stamp. Mrs. H. A. Wiggins, Benton Harbor, Mich.

LADY to travel. Salary and expenses paid. Address "T." care Independent.

LODGERS—Two gentlemen can have fine lodging and board in private family, near all shops. Inquire corner East and Chester streets.

MEN—Ten men. Inquire of D. W. Miller, 13 Railroad street.

## FOR RENT.

HOUSE—Six room house on Summit St. Inquire of Alice Williams.

HOUSE—Elegant new seven-roomed house. Every modern comfort and convenience. 64 Plum street. Inquire of Dr. O. P. Wolf, 17 East Main, or Mrs. B. McCue, 68 East Main.

STOREROOM in the Beaty block, in East Main street, formerly occupied by the Millerian. Inquire of H. T. Bently agent.

## FOUND.

DOG—A young setter dog. Owner can have same by calling on John Ballis at Navarro and proving ownership.

FANCY front for dress. Owner can have same by calling at this office and paying for the ad.

## MISCELLANEOUS

DRESSES and Ladies' jackets, made by one who has had years of experience, 126 East Tremont street.

## FOR SALE.

COTTAGE—C. Reed's eight room cottage, 22 Akron street.

DOG—One thoroughbred and broke black and white spotted English setter dog. Inquire of Robert Dunbar, Box 100, North Lawrence, O.

FARM of 15 acres, with good dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings, also good water, one mile southwest of Brookfield. Inquire of George Borell, West Brookfield.

GROCERY—A good grocery store and building good location; cheap. Good reason can be given for selling. Address "C." care Independent Co.

HARD COAL BURNER—in good condition. Inquire at this office.

HORSES—Four or five horses cheap. Inquire at West Side Livery, 16-20 West Tremont street. Wm. Bantz, Prop.

HOUSE of four rooms on Warwick street. Kitchen, good well, stone cellar. Very cheap if sold soon. Must have \$300 cash, business \$5.00 a month. Also two lots on Edwin St. cheap. Thomas Burd over 50 S. Erie St.

HOUSE and lot on Washington avenue, lot 4x190 feet, for cash or easy terms, inquire at this office.

LAND—25 acres of land with good barn and house in good condition, situated on N. Mill street, one mile north of town. For particulars, inquire of Mrs. Joe Ozer.

LOT—\$2,000 will buy a lot 40x135 on East Tremont street. S. Burd.

MILK ROUTE—A desirable milk route in Massillon and dairy. Address "B." care Independent office.

PIANO—Second hand upright piano, Mahogany case in fine condition; will sell at a bargain. Klein & Heffelman, Canton.

SHEPHERD pony, harness and trap that was on exhibition at street fair in Massillon. Call on Patrick Brady, 170 State St.

## LOST

JACKET—A girl's light colored short jacket between Borway's second-hand store and cemetery on Erie street. Finder please at independent office.

PARCEL—Miss Mary Oster lost a parcel containing a dressmaker's model and a purse, in the country between Gust Stuhlreher's and Mr. Heck's. Finder will receive a reward by leaving at this office.

ROBE—Plush robe, green on one side and black on other, either of Charles, Erie, W. Tremont, Muskingum, or W. Main Sts. Return to West Side Livery.

## HUMBERGERS' SPECIALTIES

...For the Rest of the Week...

Big lot of French Flannels, splendid assortment, 75c kind for 59c. A great bargain.

Big Bargain in Outing Flannel at 5cts.

Some splendid values in Table Linens, Napkins and Towels, sale prices still prevail in this department for this week.

This Week's Prices in the Cloak Department will interest you.

HUMBERGER'S, WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

Drop a quarter in "The Independent" Want Columns and get what you want.